Approved For Release 1999/09/08 CIA-RDP82-00457R00020060000026 CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP INTELLIGENCE REPORT CONFIDENTIAL 25X1X6 DATE: COUNTRY Spain INFO. This document is hereby a traded to Armemento de Avi SUBJECT CONTIDENTIAL in accord 13 Jamery 1947 DIST. citer of 13 Coloher 1, 3 from the PAGES Duector of Central Ingoane to the 25X1A6a tahivist of the Uni. SUPPLEMENT 1. Among the most lucrative businesses in Spain are the so-called "militarized industries" which, under the protection of the Government, serve private interests. Fortunes are amassed by certain Spaniards through such enterprises. 2. One of these industries called Armamento de Aviacion S.A. is located in Pinto, near Madrid, and employs four hundred workers, whereas in 1939 there were only a few dozen workers in the organization. The old workshops have been enlarged, a foundry has been set up and new machines have been installed. At present these workshops are worth some 15 to 20 million pesstas. Source states that the great and disproportionete success of the workshops is not due to the skill and creative ability of those who belong to the company but to their friends, who hold official positions in the Spanish Government and are able to provide them with certain concessions. This company has another office in Madrid located at No. 8 Calle de Antonio Maura, where a certain Valcarcel is in charge. Document No. 5. The principal members of Armamento de Aviacion Emilio Ruiz del Arb Managing Director: Joaquin Almerida Naval Engineer: Lt. Colonel Nicoles Engineer: Ignacio Fuster Engineer: The office personnal consists of: Chief of the technical office: Manuel Merces Luis Nadia, a former aviation ligutement Chief of Control: Mamuel Hernandez Chief of the drafting office: Manuel Garcia, who worked as a draftsman Second draftsman: in Germany during World War II Eduardo Campo Cashier of the offices: 4. Much of the work done in the shops of Armamento de Aviacion S.A. is for the Ministry of Air. Certain work for the RENFR is sometimes accepted. 5. The men in these workshops are constructing a 10 to 12-ton "Verdeja" tank which has two kincoln 12-cylinder V motors and a mounted rapid-fire 55-mm. gun. The name of "Verdeja" is the surname of its inventor, a major of the engineer corps who visits the factory from time to time. He has been working 25X1A8a 25X1A9a SHADET MOITA ION LISTING VTO X FOT SPDF X A DEP. WARNING NOTICE FBV FBK BLIC RELEASE OF THIS DOCUMENT THX FBL 09060 CTA-RDP82-00457R0002006000016 CONTROL Approved For Release 1999 ENTIAL CONFI

ORIGIN 25X1X6

25X1A9a

adro

DADSO

EXEC.

## Approved For Release 1999/09/08 : CIA-RDP82-00457R000200600001-6 25X1A2g

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE OROUP





on this tank for four years.

- 6. The men in the shops are also employed in the assembly adjustment and alignment of two hundred and fifty 7.92-mm. anti-aircraft machine guns of various makes, the majority being Vickers. These machine guns were sent to the workshops through the Ministry of Air and presumably will be returned to the same Ministry.
- 7. The corporation has a 23 million-peseta order for the construction of bomb-mounts, of L.K. make, which is of German origin. By October 1946, the number of bomb-mounts completed was 300, and another 500 were ready for assembling. Reportedly, the order is for 1,500 bomb-mounts.
- 8. This company also has been given 10 million pesetas more for the construction of the "Reloj de Riego"\*, an apparatus with which the observer bomberdier must be equipped.
- 9. These workshops are also used for the manufacture of fuses for aviation bombs which appear with the letters I.G.M.A. (Invento Gerardi Material Aeronautico). The inventor of these fuses is Aviation Captain Gerardi, of Italian parentage. The fuses used to be manufactured in Toledo until Gerardi joined the company after 1939. During World War II more than 20,000 of these fuses were manufactured, which, according to source, supposedly were sent to Axis countries.

25X1A6a

Comment: Possibly the reference is to a bomb sight.



